



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 30, 2024 – 04:07 PM JST

PDB ID : 8HQ7
EMDB ID : EMD-34946
Title : Cryo-EM structure of SARS-CoV-2 Omicron Prototype RBD in complex with
fab L4.65 and L5.34
Authors : Gao, G.F.; Liu, S.
Deposited on : 2022-12-13
Resolution : 2.70 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : **FAILED**
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : **FAILED**
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

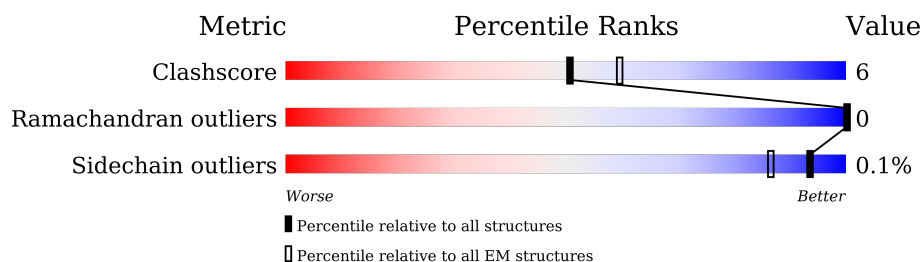
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	195	 90% 9%
2	M	225	 87% 13%
3	N	216	 82% 18%
4	H	231	 81% 18%
5	L	215	 79% 21%
6	B	2	 100%

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8292 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Spike protein S1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	195	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1543	989	257	289	8		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called fab L5.34.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	M	225	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1665	1045	280	332	8		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called fab L5.34.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	N	216	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1642	1020	280	336	6		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called fab L4.65.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	H	231	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1756	1115	287	347	7		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called fab L4.65.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	L	215	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1658	1036	281	336	5		

- Molecule 6 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.




Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
6	B	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		

3 Residue-property plots


These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Spike protein S1

Chain A:  90% 9%




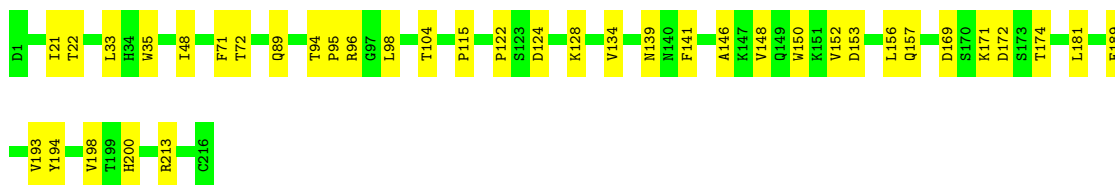
- Molecule 2: fab L5.34

Chain M:  87% 13%




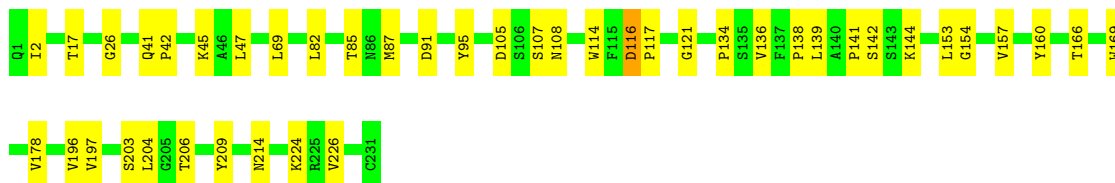
- Molecule 3: fab L5.34

Chain N:  82% 18%




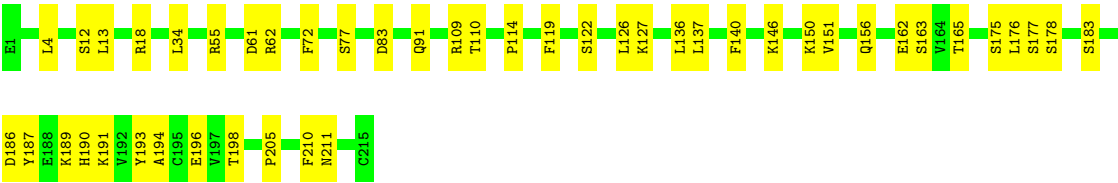
- Molecule 4: fab L4.65

Chain H:  81% 18%



- Molecule 5: fab L4.65

Chain L:  79% 21%



• Molecule 6: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B:

100%



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	615800	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	1.39	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1200	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	5000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.29	0/1587	0.61	2/2161 (0.1%)
2	M	0.28	0/1703	0.53	0/2320
3	N	0.26	0/1676	0.51	0/2272
4	H	0.28	0/1805	0.53	0/2471
5	L	0.26	0/1694	0.52	0/2294
All	All	0.27	0/8465	0.54	2/11518 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
4	H	0	1
All	All	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	432	CYS	CA-CB-SG	11.21	134.18	114.00
1	A	379	CYS	CA-CB-SG	11.08	133.94	114.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	379	CYS	Peptide

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
4	H	116	ASP	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1543	0	1459	9	0
2	M	1665	0	1629	19	0
3	N	1642	0	1599	21	0
4	H	1756	0	1713	26	0
5	L	1658	0	1599	26	0
6	B	28	0	25	0	0
All	All	8292	0	8024	96	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (96) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:M:208:ASN:HD22	2:M:215:LYS:HD2	1.29	0.95
3:N:153:ASP:HA	3:N:193:VAL:HB	1.60	0.82
1:A:391:CYS:HA	1:A:525:CYS:HB3	1.71	0.72
4:H:136:VAL:HG12	4:H:157:VAL:HG22	1.71	0.72
4:H:114:TRP:CD1	4:H:116:ASP:HB2	2.27	0.69
2:M:61:ASP:OD1	3:N:96:ARG:NH2	2.29	0.66
5:L:163:SER:OG	5:L:177:SER:OG	2.13	0.65
2:M:202:THR:HB	2:M:219:ARG:HH12	1.62	0.64
2:M:132:PRO:HD3	2:M:218:LYS:HE3	1.80	0.63
3:N:172:ASP:OD1	3:N:174:THR:OG1	2.14	0.62
3:N:22:THR:HG22	3:N:72:THR:HG22	1.83	0.61
4:H:41:GLN:HB2	4:H:47:LEU:HD23	1.83	0.60
3:N:115:PRO:HB3	3:N:141:PHE:HB3	1.83	0.59
5:L:109:ARG:NE	5:L:110:THR:O	2.32	0.59
5:L:4:LEU:HD11	5:L:91:GLN:HG2	1.85	0.58
1:A:439:ASN:HB3	4:H:108:ASN:HB3	1.85	0.58

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:335:LEU:HD13	1:A:362:VAL:HG13	1.86	0.57
1:A:366:SER:O	1:A:370:ASN:ND2	2.37	0.57
3:N:156:LEU:O	3:N:157:GLN:NE2	2.37	0.57
3:N:21:ILE:HD12	3:N:104:THR:HG21	1.86	0.57
5:L:146:LYS:HB3	5:L:198:THR:HB	1.89	0.55
2:M:93:TYR:O	2:M:115:GLY:HA2	2.07	0.54
4:H:178:VAL:HG22	4:H:197:VAL:HG22	1.88	0.54
4:H:17:THR:HG22	4:H:85:THR:HA	1.91	0.53
5:L:165:THR:HG22	5:L:175:SER:H	1.74	0.53
5:L:189:LYS:HG3	5:L:190:HIS:CD2	2.44	0.52
1:A:457:ARG:NH1	1:A:467:ASP:OD2	2.43	0.52
3:N:122:PRO:HD3	3:N:134:VAL:HG22	1.91	0.51
4:H:139:LEU:HD22	5:L:119:PHE:HB3	1.92	0.51
3:N:150:TRP:CG	3:N:181:LEU:HD21	2.45	0.51
5:L:137:LEU:HD22	5:L:176:LEU:HD23	1.92	0.51
2:M:218:LYS:NZ	2:M:219:ARG:O	2.44	0.50
5:L:18:ARG:HG2	5:L:77:SER:HA	1.92	0.50
4:H:42:PRO:HB2	4:H:45:LYS:HE2	1.94	0.50
1:A:354:ASN:O	1:A:398:ASP:HA	2.11	0.49
3:N:89:GLN:HE21	3:N:98:LEU:HG	1.78	0.49
4:H:95:TYR:O	4:H:121:GLY:HA2	2.13	0.49
2:M:200:THR:OG1	2:M:201:GLN:OE1	2.30	0.48
3:N:124:ASP:O	3:N:128:LYS:HG2	2.13	0.48
3:N:146:ALA:HB2	3:N:200:HIS:HD2	1.79	0.48
2:M:102:PHE:HB3	2:M:103:PRO:HD3	1.96	0.48
4:H:196:VAL:HG21	5:L:136:LEU:HD22	1.96	0.48
4:H:2:ILE:HD11	4:H:117:PRO:HD2	1.95	0.47
2:M:208:ASN:ND2	2:M:215:LYS:HD2	2.12	0.47
5:L:114:PRO:HB3	5:L:140:PHE:HB3	1.95	0.47
1:A:357:ARG:HG2	1:A:396:TYR:CE1	2.49	0.47
3:N:169:ASP:OD2	3:N:171:LYS:HG2	2.15	0.47
3:N:189:GLU:OE2	3:N:213:ARG:NH1	2.48	0.47
5:L:12:SER:O	5:L:13:LEU:HD23	2.16	0.46
5:L:183:SER:O	5:L:187:TYR:N	2.48	0.46
4:H:87:MET:HE3	4:H:91:ASP:HB2	1.98	0.45
1:A:394:ASN:OD1	1:A:516:GLU:HB2	2.17	0.45
2:M:4:LEU:HD11	2:M:27:ILE:HD11	1.97	0.45
2:M:30:SER:HB3	2:M:73:ASN:OD1	2.16	0.45
2:M:47:TRP:HB2	3:N:98:LEU:HD22	1.99	0.45
5:L:189:LYS:HG3	5:L:190:HIS:HD2	1.79	0.45
3:N:152:VAL:HG22	3:N:194:TYR:CE1	2.51	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:H:105:ASP:O	4:H:107:SER:N	2.49	0.45
4:H:166:THR:OG1	4:H:214:ASN:HB3	2.17	0.45
4:H:209:TYR:HB2	4:H:226:VAL:HG23	1.99	0.45
4:H:142:SER:HB3	4:H:144:LYS:HE3	1.98	0.45
4:H:153:LEU:HD13	4:H:226:VAL:HG21	1.99	0.45
5:L:186:ASP:HA	5:L:189:LYS:HE3	1.99	0.45
2:M:160:THR:OG1	2:M:208:ASN:HB2	2.16	0.44
4:H:203:SER:HA	4:H:206:THR:HG22	1.99	0.44
5:L:191:LYS:HG3	5:L:211:ASN:ND2	2.32	0.44
1:A:358:ILE:HB	1:A:395:VAL:HB	1.98	0.44
5:L:193:TYR:HB2	5:L:210:PHE:CE2	2.52	0.44
4:H:134:PRO:HG3	4:H:160:TYR:HB2	1.99	0.44
4:H:138:PRO:HD3	4:H:224:LYS:HE2	2.00	0.44
4:H:154:GLY:HA2	4:H:169:TRP:CZ2	2.53	0.43
2:M:209:HIS:CE1	2:M:211:PRO:HG2	2.54	0.43
5:L:162:GLU:OE2	5:L:178:SER:OG	2.37	0.43
4:H:105:ASP:C	4:H:107:SER:H	2.20	0.43
5:L:62:ARG:NH2	5:L:83:ASP:OD1	2.52	0.43
4:H:2:ILE:HG22	4:H:26:GLY:HA3	2.01	0.42
5:L:196:GLU:OE2	5:L:205:PRO:HB3	2.20	0.42
5:L:150:LYS:HG3	5:L:194:ALA:HB3	2.01	0.42
5:L:55:ARG:NH2	5:L:61:ASP:OD1	2.52	0.42
2:M:40:ALA:HB3	2:M:43:LYS:HB2	2.02	0.42
3:N:35:TRP:HB2	3:N:48:ILE:HB	2.01	0.42
4:H:154:GLY:HA2	4:H:169:TRP:CH2	2.55	0.42
2:M:132:PRO:HB3	2:M:220:VAL:HG22	2.02	0.42
3:N:148:VAL:HG22	3:N:198:VAL:HG12	2.02	0.42
5:L:191:LYS:HE3	5:L:211:ASN:HD21	1.85	0.42
3:N:33:LEU:HD13	3:N:71:PHE:CD1	2.55	0.41
4:H:69:LEU:HD22	4:H:82:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.41
2:M:82:MET:HB3	2:M:85:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.41
5:L:122:SER:O	5:L:126:LEU:N	2.49	0.41
2:M:155:PHE:HA	2:M:156:PRO:HA	1.88	0.41
3:N:94:THR:HB	3:N:95:PRO:HD3	2.03	0.41
4:H:141:PRO:HG3	4:H:204:LEU:HD22	2.02	0.41
5:L:34:LEU:HD13	5:L:72:PHE:CD1	2.56	0.41
2:M:128:PRO:HB3	2:M:154:TYR:HB3	2.03	0.41
3:N:115:PRO:HA	3:N:139:ASN:O	2.20	0.41
5:L:151:VAL:HB	5:L:156:GLN:NE2	2.37	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	193/195 (99%)	187 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
2	M	223/225 (99%)	212 (95%)	11 (5%)	0	100	100
3	N	214/216 (99%)	206 (96%)	8 (4%)	0	100	100
4	H	229/231 (99%)	209 (91%)	20 (9%)	0	100	100
5	L	213/215 (99%)	207 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	1072/1082 (99%)	1021 (95%)	51 (5%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	168/168 (100%)	168 (100%)	0	100	100
2	M	188/188 (100%)	188 (100%)	0	100	100
3	N	189/189 (100%)	189 (100%)	0	100	100
4	H	204/204 (100%)	204 (100%)	0	100	100
5	L	186/186 (100%)	185 (100%)	1 (0%)	88	96
All	All	935/935 (100%)	934 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	98

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	L	127	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	M	208	ASN
5	L	211	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
6	NAG	B	1	6,1	14,14,15	0.24	0	17,19,21	0.40	0
6	NAG	B	2	6	14,14,15	0.22	0	17,19,21	0.42	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	NAG	B	1	6,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	B	2	6	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

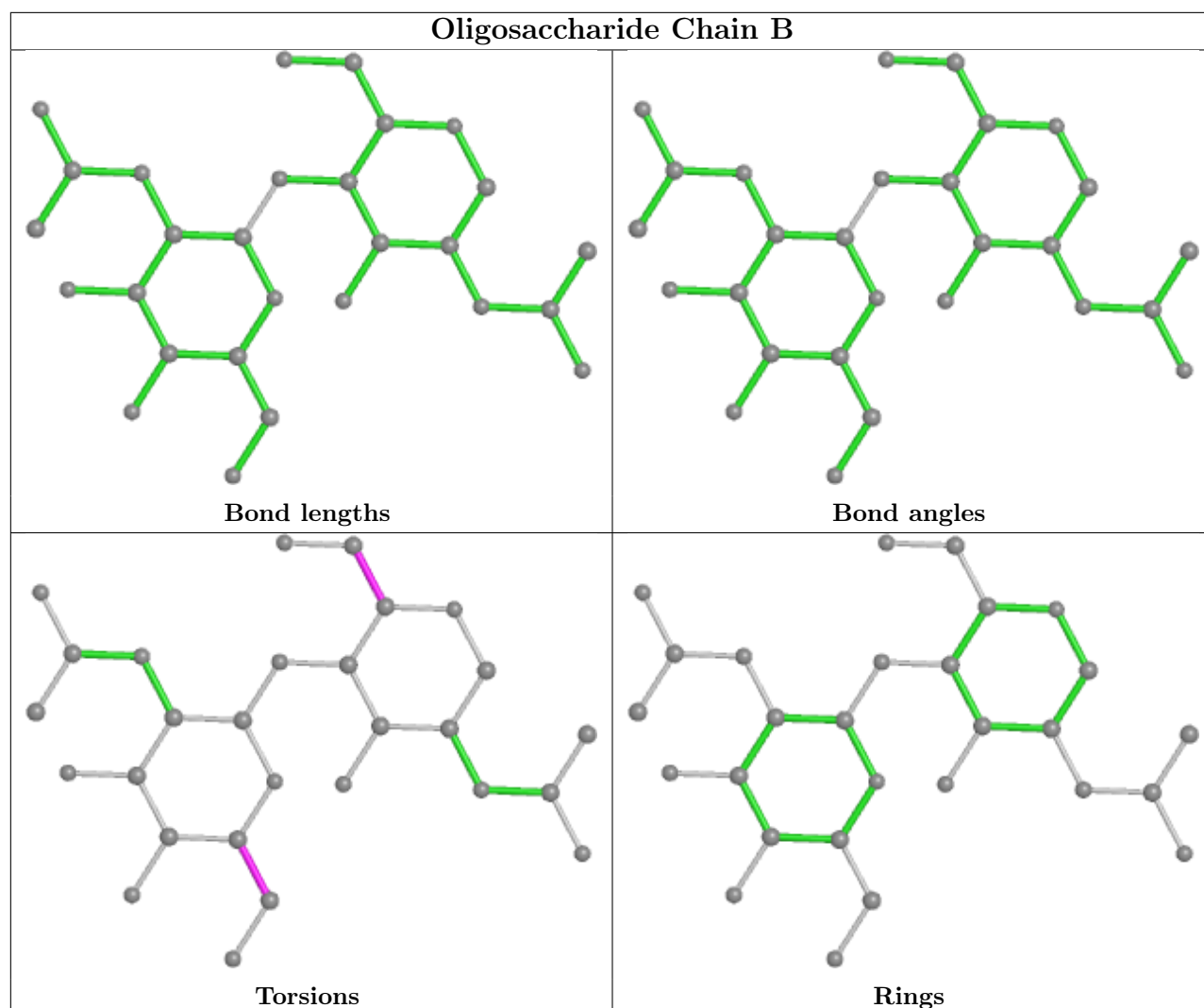
All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	B	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	B	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	B	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	B	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.