wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	1VYX
Title	:	Solution structure of the KSHV K3 N-terminal domain
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

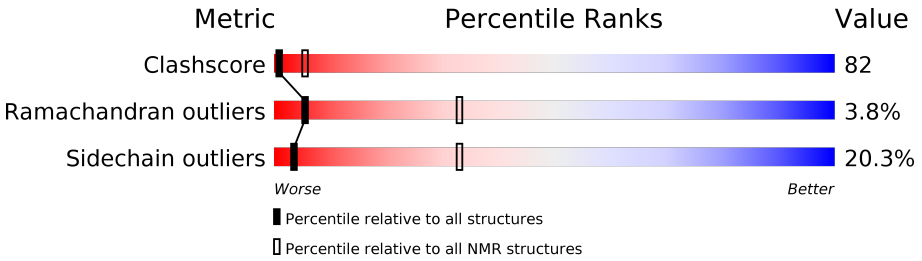
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	2.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	60	13% 57% 17% 13%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 28 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:6-A:57 (52)	0.26	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	4, 6, 7, 11, 13, 16, 18, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27
2	2, 3, 8, 9, 14, 19, 20, 28
3	1, 12, 17
4	15, 22
Single-model clusters	5; 10

3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 915 atoms, of which 441 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ORF K3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	60	913	285	441	85	94	8	0

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
			Total	Zn
2	A	2	2	2

4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: ORF K3

Chain A: 13% 57% 17% 13%

M1 E2 D3 E4 D5 V6 P7 V8 C9 W10 I11 C12 N13 E14 E15 L16 G17 N18 E19 R20 F21 R22 A23 C24 G25 C26 E29 L30 E31 N32 V33 H34 R35 S36 C37 L38 S39 T40 W41 L42 T43 I44 S45 R46 N47 T48 A49 C50 C53 G54 V55 V56 Y57 N58 T59 R60

4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: ORF K3

Chain A: 17% 53% 13% • 13%

M1 E2 D3 E4 D5 V6 P7 V8 C9 W10 I11 E14 E15 L16 G17 N18 E19 R20 F21 R22 A23 C24 G25 C26 T27 G28 E29 L30 E31 N32 V33 H34 R35 S36 C37 L38 S39 T40 W41 L42 T43 I44 S45 R46 N47 T48 A49 C50 C53 G54 V55 V56 Y57 N58 T59 R60

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *XPLOR3.8*.

Of the 30 calculated structures, 28 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *NO VIOLATIONS GREATER THAN 0.25A, NO ANGLE VIOLATIONS*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	refinement	
XWIN-NMR	structure solution	
ANSIG	structure solution	
XPLOR3.8	structure solution	

No chemical shift data was provided. No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	3.9±0.3
All	All	0	109

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	20	ARG	Sidechain	28
1	A	22	ARG	Sidechain	28
1	A	46	ARG	Sidechain	27
1	A	35	ARG	Sidechain	26

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	403	384	381	64±6
All	All	11340	10752	10668	1796

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 82.

5 of 296 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:6:VAL:HG13	1:A:17:GLY:CA	0.99	1.88	5	4
1:A:33:VAL:HG21	1:A:38:LEU:HD22	0.94	1.38	27	21
1:A:21:PHE:CE2	1:A:38:LEU:HD23	0.92	2.00	15	28
1:A:42:LEU:HD22	1:A:57:TYR:CD2	0.88	2.04	21	21
1:A:16:LEU:HD13	1:A:16:LEU:N	0.86	1.85	24	2

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	52/60 (87%)	42±2 (80±5%)	8±3 (16±5%)	2±1 (4±2%)	5 33
All	All	1456/1680 (87%)	1166 (80%)	234 (16%)	56 (4%)	5 33

5 of 6 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	18	ASN	28
1	A	26	CYS	19
1	A	24	CYS	4
1	A	20	ARG	3
1	A	28	GLY	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	46/54 (85%)	37±2 (80±4%)	9±2 (20±4%)	3 33

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	1288/1512 (85%)	1027 (80%)	261 (20%)	3 33

5 of 23 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	30	LEU	26
1	A	24	CYS	26
1	A	16	LEU	24
1	A	20	ARG	19
1	A	46	ARG	17

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided